



Product Training Module: TI900

Jan 2012

Introduction

- Purpose
 - This training module is used to give an introduction to t-Global Technology's TI900 product range of thermally conductive insulators
- Objectives
 - To identify the key properties of TI900
 - To identify the key design criteria for product selection
 - To identify common applications for the product
- Content
 - Introduction and background to TI900
- Learning time
 - 15 mins



TI900

- TI900 is a thermally conductive insulator from t-Global technology
- TI900 is a highly thermally conductive interface insulator designed for use where the lowest possible thermal impedance is required
- It has a high dielectric breakdown voltage, a high working temperature and a high thermal conductivity
- It can be used for a number of applications and provided in sheet form, on log rolls or as custom die cuts

TI900

- TI900 has a thermal conductivity of 1.8 W/m.k
- It is used where good insulation and the lowest possible thermal impedance is required
- In contrast to conventional insulators the material does not crack, tear or otherwise fail when torqued between mating metal surfaces
- The main applications of TI900 are:
 - To enhance heat flow from the device to the sink
 - To provide electrical isolation
- TI900 provides both functions simultaneously replacing combinations of mica and silicone grease

TI900 – Design Guidelines

- The optimum contact pressure for TI900 is in the range 300 – 500 PSI (2.07×10^6 to 3.45×10^6 N/m²)
- To convert mounting torque into contact pressure, use the following equation:
- $P = TN/0.2DA$
 - P = Contact Pressure (psi or N/m²)
 - T = Torque (in-lbs or N-m)
 - N = Number of Fasteners
 - (0.2) = Average Friction Factor
 - D = Diameter (in. or m)
 - A = Contact Area (in² or m²)

TI900 – Time Related Properties



- The performance of TI900 can be expected to improve with time
- The thermal impedance characteristics can be expected to improve during use due to stress relaxation of the elastomer and consequent additional filling of the microscopic voids in the interface
- This will lead to a 10 – 12% improvement of performance

Dielectric Breakdown Voltage

- When using an insulator material the key parameter to consider is its dielectric breakdown strength
- Dielectric strength is a measure of how well a material can prevent the voltage on the component case from arcing through the material and allowing an electrical short circuit between the component and the metal mounting surface
- This property is commonly presented is determined by electrical testing of multiple flat sheet samples in accordance with the test procedures detailed in ASTM D149.

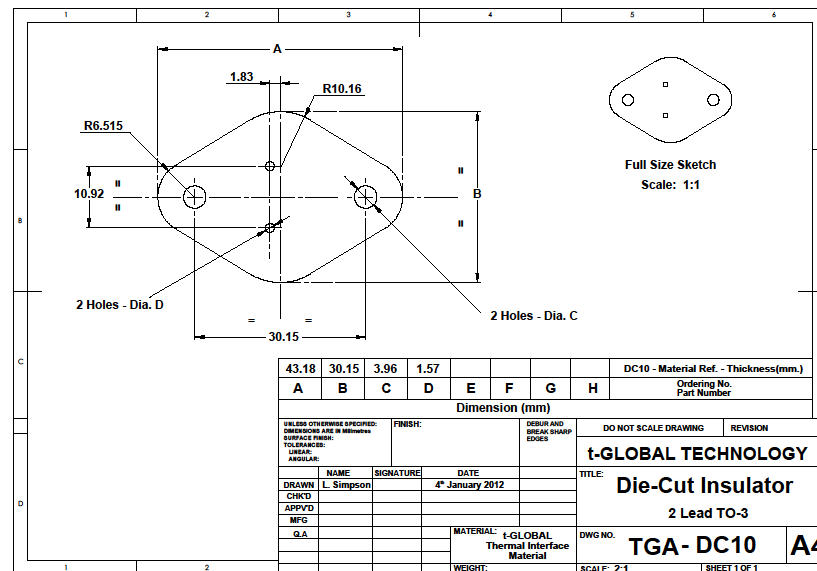
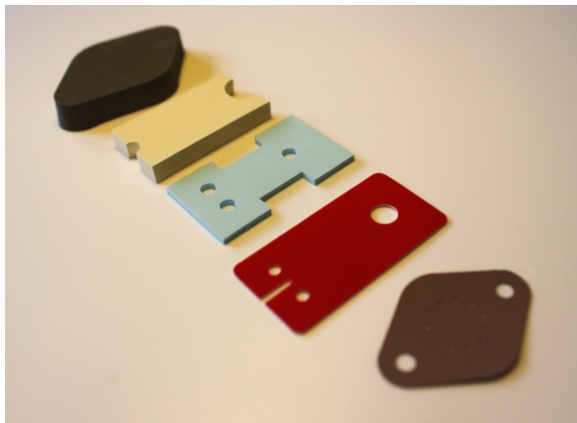
TI 900 Datasheet

Property	TI900	Test Method
Viscose	One side	ASTM D374
Thickness	0.12	mm
Base	RITF	-
Thermal Conductivity W/m.k *1	1.8	ASTM D5470
Thermal Resistance @10psi (k in ² /w)	0.5	ASTM D5470
Thermal Resistance @30psi (k in ² /w)	0.42	ASTM D5470
Thermal Resistance @50psi (k in ² /w)	0.35	ASTM D5470
Thermal Resistance @100psi (k in ² /w)	0.29	ASTM D5470
Thermal Resistance @200psi (k in ² /w)	0.28	ASTM D5470
Thermal Resistance @400psi (k in ² /w)	0.27	ASTM D5470
Dielectric Breakdown Voltage, V	>6000	ASTM D149
Volume resistance Ohm-cm	>10 ¹²	ASTM D257
Working Temperature	-50 to 180	°C
Elongation	40%	ASTM D412
Tensile Strength	5000psi	ASTM D412
Flame Rating	Pending(as V-0)	UL94

• REACH Compliant • RoHS Compliant

TI 900 Custom Parts

- TI 900 can be custom cut depending on the end use requirements
- For details of this service please contact t-Global directly



Summary

- TI 900 is a thermally conductive electrical insulator from t-Global
- TI900 has a thermal conductivity of 1.8 W/m.k
- It is used where good insulation and the lowest possible thermal impedance is required
- TI 900 can be custom cut depending on the end use requirements